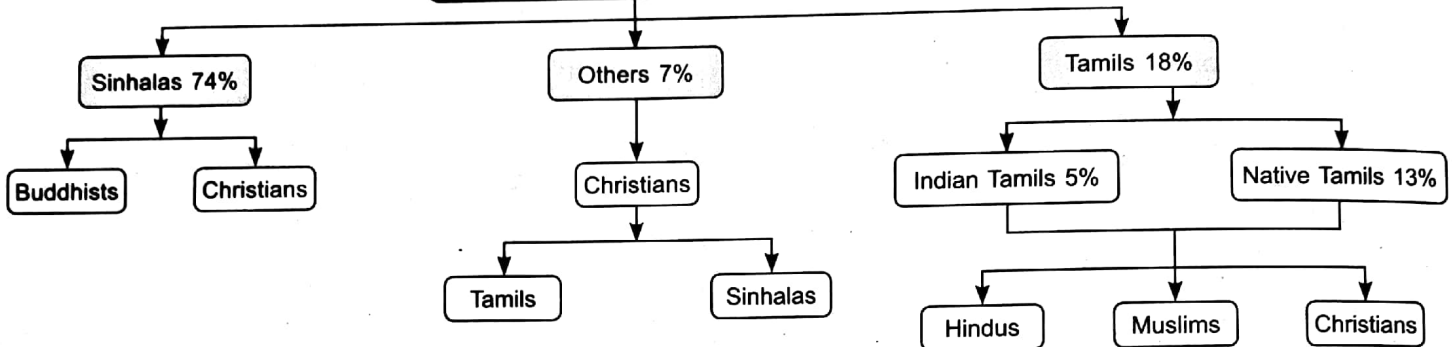


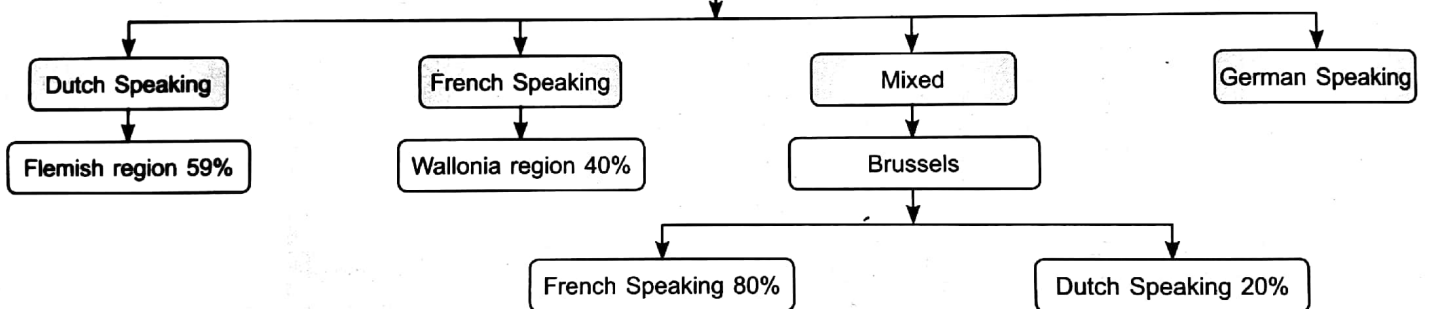
POWER SHARING

Chapter at a Glance

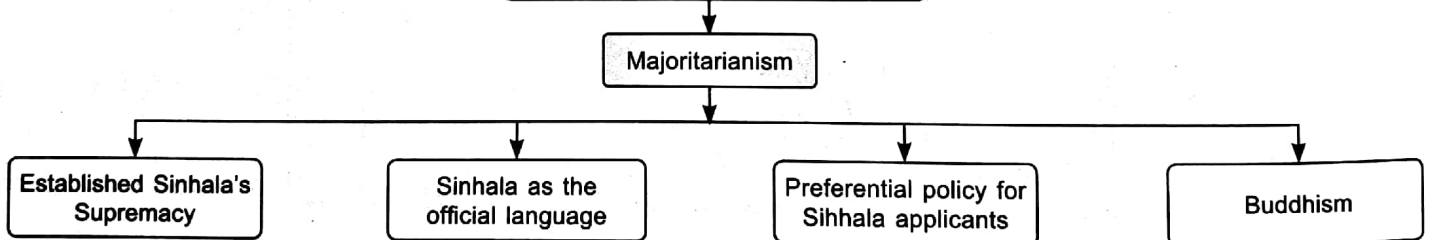
Ethnic Composition of Sri Lanka



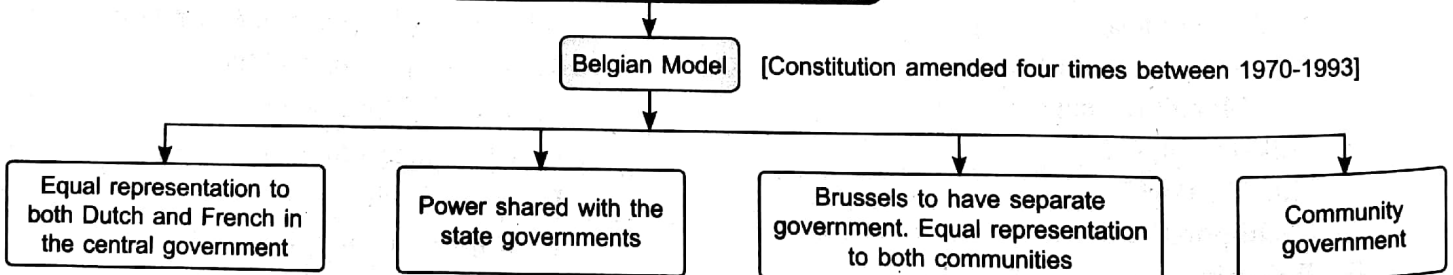
Ethnic Composition of Belgium



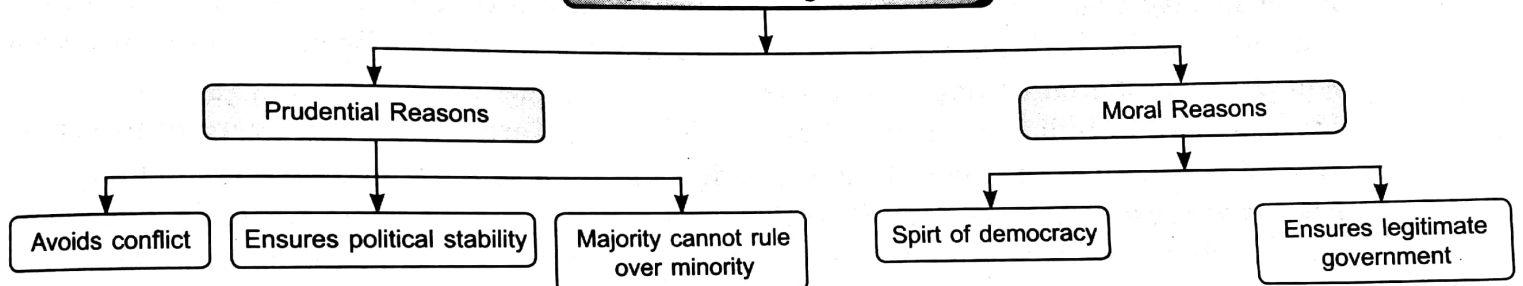
Power Sharing in Sri Lanka



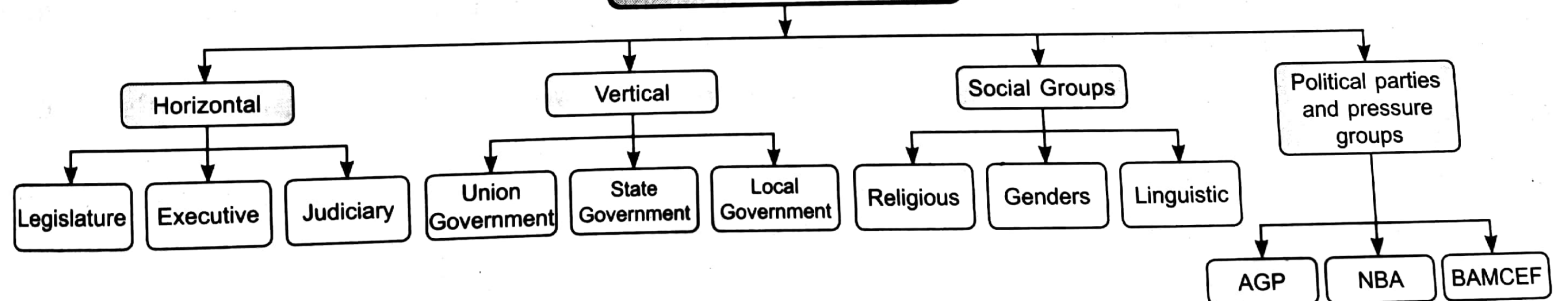
Power Sharing in Belgium



Why Power Sharing is Desirable

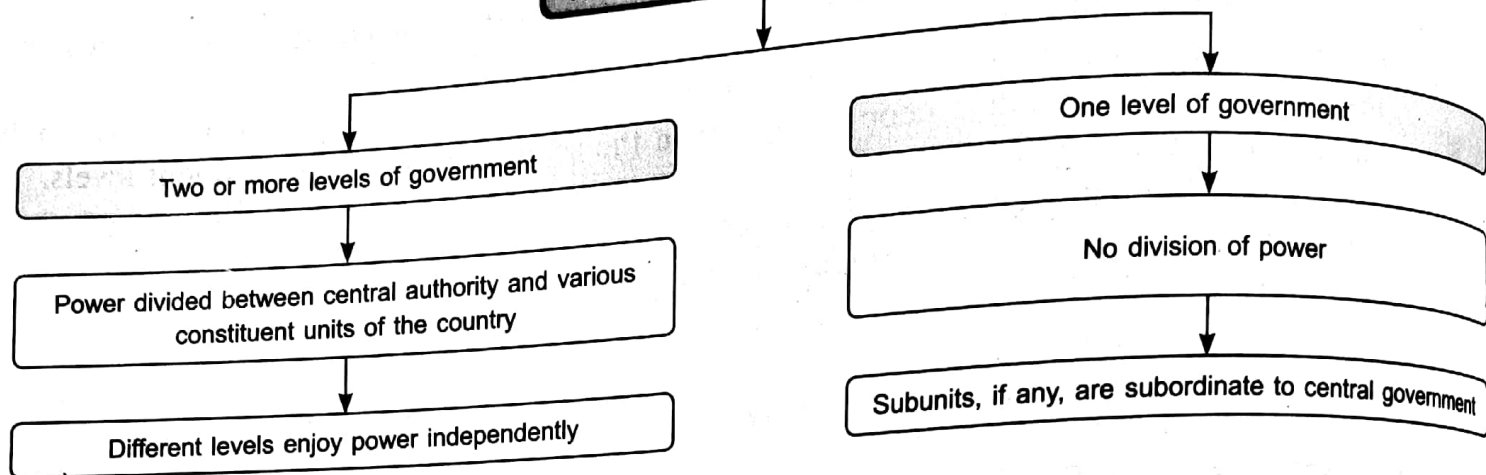


Forms of Power Sharing

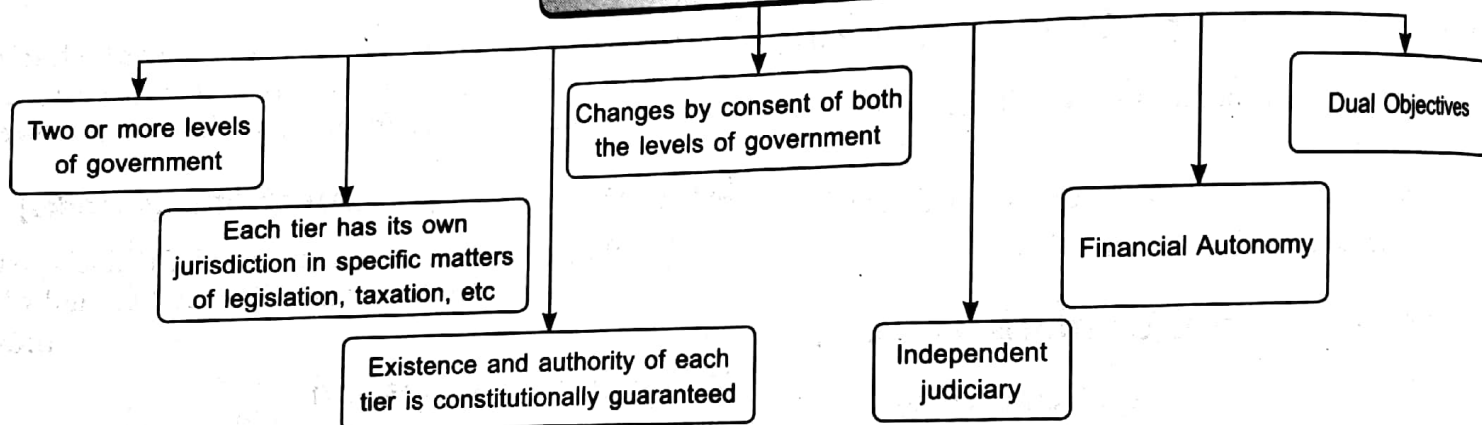


Chapter at a Glance

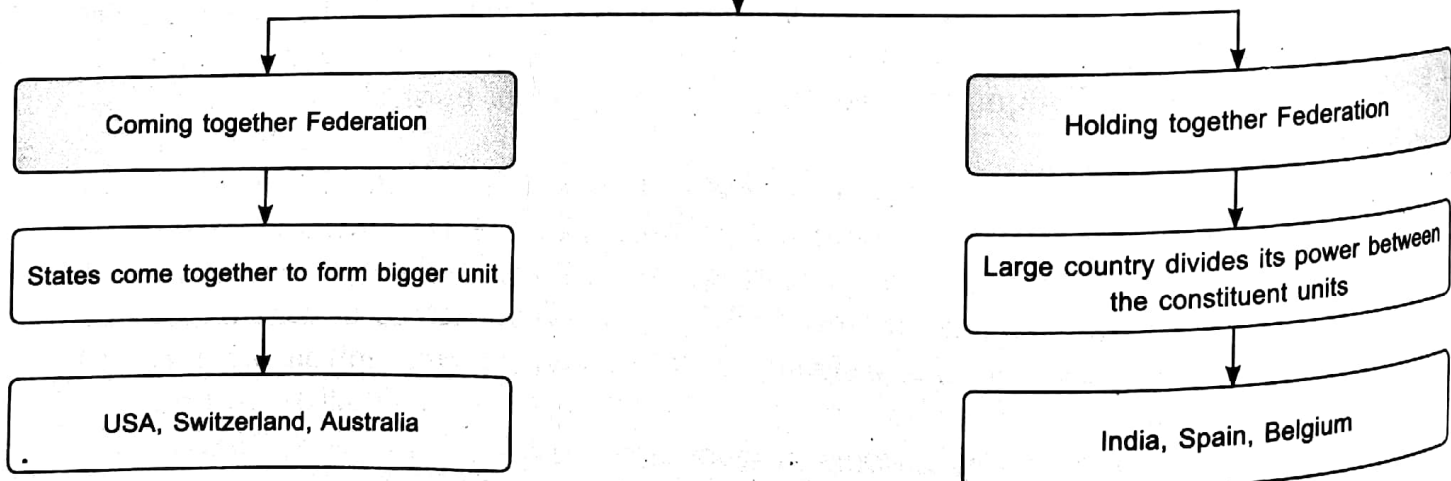
Federal v/s Unitary Government



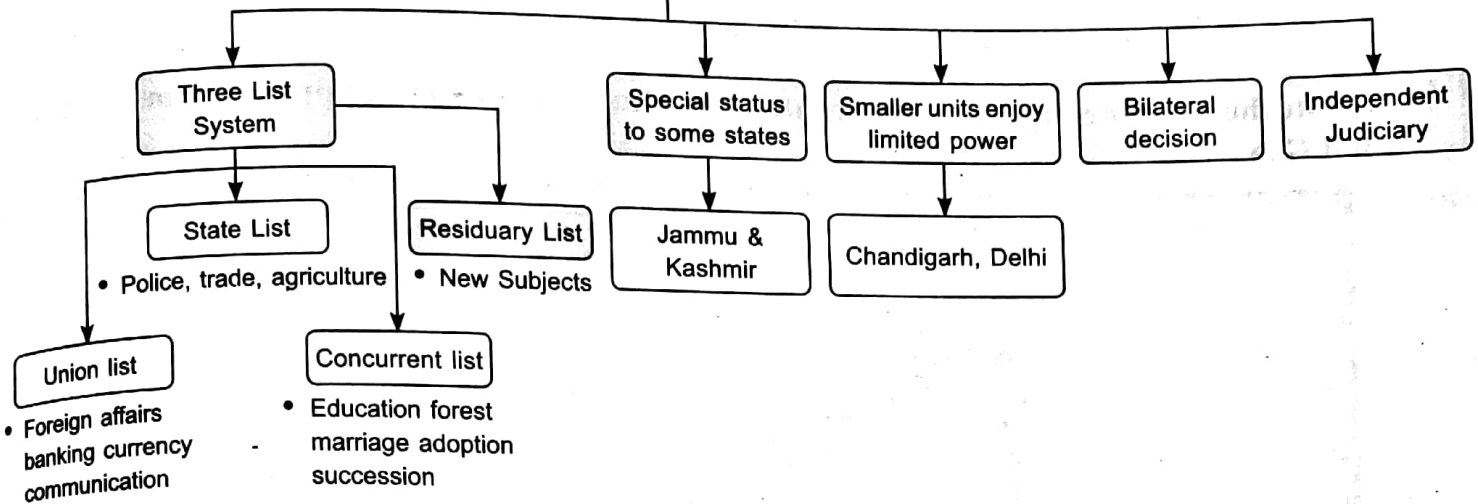
Features of Federalism



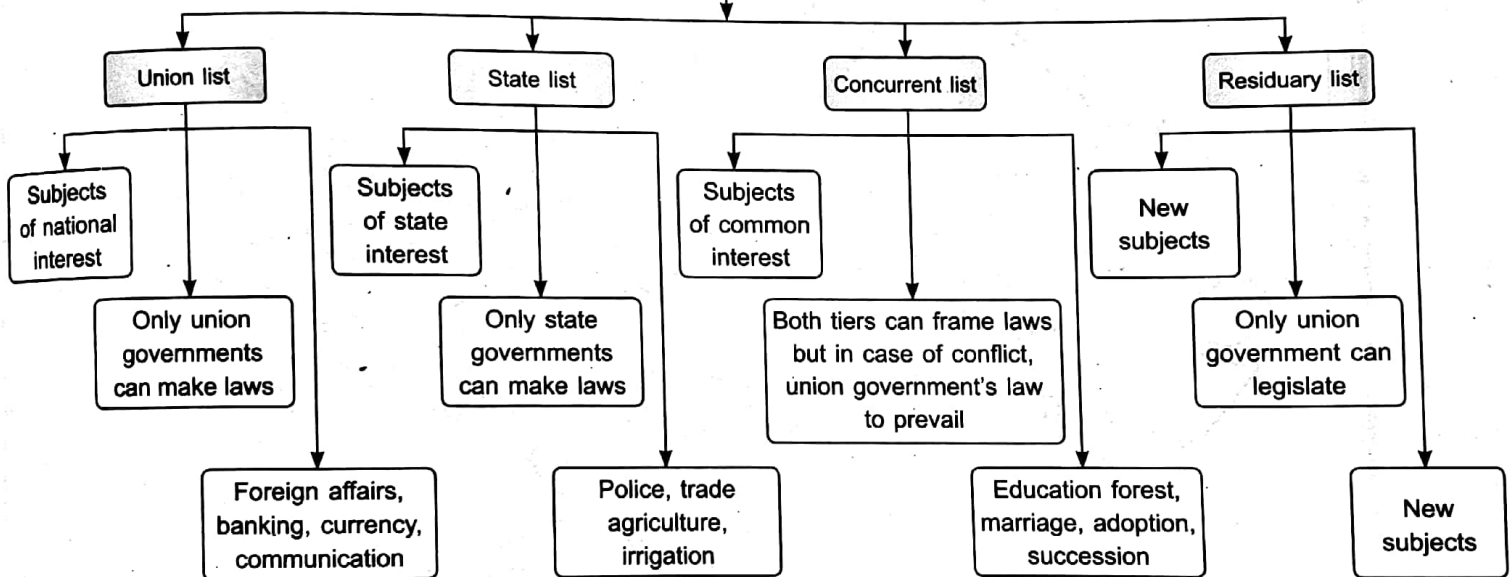
Two Routes of Federation



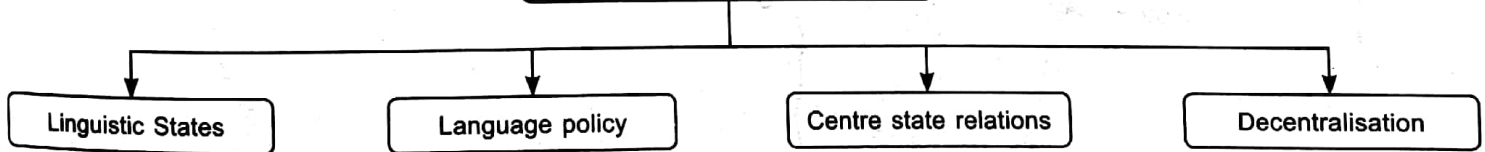
Features of Indian Federation



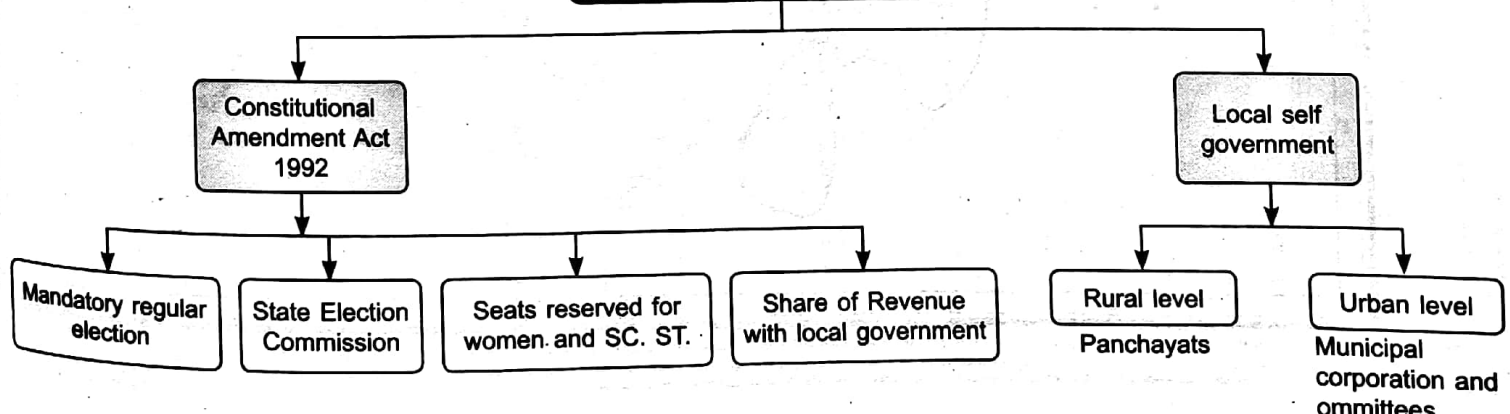
List System in India



Federalism Practised In India



Decentralisation In India



Chapter at a Glance

Origins of Social Differences

Based on Accident of Birth

- We are born in a particular family, religion, caste
- We are tall, short, dark
- We are either male or female

Based on Our Choices

- Occupation
- Religion
- Subjects of preference

Types of Social Divisions

Overlapping differences

- Blacks being ill-treated by whites
- Blacks tend to be poor, uneducated
- Black face discrimination
- Blacks in the US, dalits in India
- Results in social division
- Tensions and conflicts
- Disintegration of Yugoslavia

Cross-cutting differences

- Share common interests
- Multi-cultural accommodation
- One group cannot be made to threat other group
- Differences cut across each other
- Catholics and Protestants in the Netherlands

Range of Outcome of Politics of Social Divisions

Negative Outcomes

- Disintegration
- Conflict
- Economic loss
- Material loss

Positive Outcomes

- Reflection in politics
- Redressal of grievances
- Increased political and social participation
- Accommodation of diversities

Determinants of Outcome of Politics of Social Divisions

How people perceive their identities

Singular terms

Multiple and complementary

How the leaders raise the demands of community

Honest

Bias

How government reacts to the demands of social groups

Accommodate

Authoritative